KEVIN V. RYAN (CASBN 118321) 1 United States Attorney 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION 0565 11 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. 12 Plaintiff. 13 VIOLATIONS: 18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy; 18 U.S.C. § 1167(b) – Misapplication of Gaming Establishm 14 v. Funds Belonging to a Gaming Establishment 15 on Indian Lands; PRISCILLA HUNTER. 18 U.S.C. § 1519 – Obstruction of Justice; 26 U.S.C. § 7201 – Tax Evasion; 26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Tax 16 MICHELLE CAMPBELL, IRIS MARTINEZ, MICHAEL HUNTER. 17 Return: DARLENE CRABTRÉE. 18 U.S.C. § 2 – Aiding and Abetting ALLAN CRABTREE, and 18 FRED NAREDO, 19 SAN FRANCISCO VENUE 20 Defendants. 21 22 INDICTMENT The Grand Jury charges: 23 24 **INTRODUCTORY ALLEGATIONS** At all times relevant to the charges set forth in this Indictment: 25 The Coyote Valley Band of Pomo Indians (hereafter "the Tribe") was a tribe, band 1. 26 and community of Indians subject to the laws of the United States relating to Indian affairs and 27 recognized by the Bureau of Indian Affairs as a "Federally Acknowledged Tribe." The Tribe's 28

reservation was located in Mendocino County, California.

- 2. The Tribe's governing body, the Tribal Council, was comprised of seven members: the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, Secretary, Treasurer, Historian, and two Members-at-Large.
  - 3. Between January 1995 and December 2004:
    - a. Defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER was the Chairperson of the Tribe.
    - b. Defendant IRIS MARTINEZ was the Vice-Chairperson of the Tribe.
    - c. Defendant DARLENE CRABTREE was the Secretary of the Tribe.
    - d. Defendant MICHELLE CAMPBELL was the Treasurer of the Tribe.
    - e. Defendant MICHAEL HUNTER was the Historian of the Tribe.
    - f. Defendant FRED NAREDO was a Member-at-Large of the Council.
    - g. Defendant ALLAN CRABTREE was a Member-at-Large of the Council.
- 4. Coyote Valley Shodakai Casino (hereafter "the Casino") was a casino located on the Tribe's reservation. The Casino was a gaming establishment operated by the Tribe pursuant to an ordinance and resolution (the "Gaming Ordinance") approved by the National Indian Gaming Commission ("NIGC").
- 5. At all relevant times, the Tribe's use of revenue generated by the Casino was governed by Title 25, United States Code, Section 2710, Title 25, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 522.4(b)(2), and by the Gaming Ordinance. These authorities prohibited the use of net revenues from any tribal gaming for any purpose other than to fund tribal government operations or programs; to provide for the general welfare of the Tribe and its members; to promote tribal economic development; to donate to charitable organizations; or to help fund operations of local government agencies.
- 6. The Gaming Ordinance required fifty percent of the Tribe's net gaming revenue generated by the Casino to be distributed periodically to the Tribe's membership in the form of per capita payments, with the other fifty percent to be allocated for designated purposes.

American Express Corporate Cards for personal expenditures such as vacations and personal items such as gifts, clothing, toys and automobile tires."

11. Under the Agreement, the Tribe agreed to implement changes to remedy the problems identified by the NIGC. Specifically, the Agreement provided in part that "[n]o personal loans or advances shall be made to members of the Tribal Council . . . from Casino assets." The Agreement further provided that:

Casino expenditures that do not benefit the gaming operation are prohibited. Casino expenditures are authorized only if they are considered gaming operating expenses in accordance with GAAP. Casino expenditures must be made in accordance with good business practices. Casino expenditures made for the benefit of individuals or the Tribe are prohibited.

- 12. Under the Agreement, the Tribe agreed to "comply fully with the NIGC's monitoring efforts and inform the general membership [of the Tribe]" of the Agreement.
- 13. The Agreement reflects that PRISCILLA HUNTER, as Chairwoman of the Tribal Council, signed the Agreement on the Tribe's behalf on May 18, 2001.
- 14. MICHELLE CAMPBELL, ALLAN CRABTREE, and DARLENE CRABTREE signed promissory notes, incorporated by reference into the Agreement, under which they agreed to repay the Casino for the amount each was found to have owed. PRISCILLA HUNTER, MICHAEL HUNTER and IRIS MARTINEZ also acknowledged owing money to the Casino, and repaid the Casino such amounts prior to the execution of the Agreement.
  - B. Wells Fargo Debit Cards
- 15. In or about October of 2002, the Tribe's Chief Financial Officer established a debit card account at Wells Fargo Bank for each of the members of the Tribal Council, including defendants PRISCILLA HUNTER, MICHELLE CAMPBELL, IRIS MARTINEZ and MICHAEL HUNTER.
- 16. The Tribe's policies and procedures, approved and signed on August 27, 2002 by defendants PRISCILLA HUNTER as Tribal Chairwoman and DARLENE CRABTREE as Secretary, stipulated that "[t]he use of ATM credit cards for personal items is not an allowable expense," and that "[a] personal purchase will be considered an unauthorized advance."

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## The Tribal Funds Conspiracy

- 17. PRISCILLA HUNTER, MICHELLE CAMPBELL, IRIS MARTINEZ, and MICHAEL HUNTER would and did steal and misapply Tribal funds by using credit and debit cards issued to them and paid or funded by the Tribe to purchase personal items for their own benefit, in contravention of the Settlement Agreement and the Tribe's and Casino's fiscal policies and procedures.
- 18. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to accomplish the objects thereof, the defendants committed the following overt acts, among others, in the Northern District of California, and elsewhere:
- a. On or about September 16, 2001, defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER misapplied Tribal funds by making personal expenditures totaling approximately \$ 2,178 at the Willard Inter-Continental Hotel in Washington, D.C., using the American Express card paid by the Tribe.
- b. On or about November 15, 2002, defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER misapplied Tribal funds by purchasing for personal use art costing approximately \$ 268 from an artist in New Mexico, using the Wells Fargo debit card funded by the Tribe.
- c. On or about December 19, 2002, defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER misapplied Tribal funds by purchasing for personal use merchandise costing approximately \$ 338 from Radio Shack, using the Wells Fargo debit card funded by the Tribe.
- d. On or about January 6, 2003, defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER misapplied Tribal funds by making personal expenditures totaling approximately \$ 352 at the Hotel Continental in Cancun, Mexico, using the Wells Fargo debit card funded by the Tribe.
- e. On or about March 16, 2003, defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER misapplied Tribal funds by purchasing for personal use merchandise costing approximately \$ 216 at the Build-A-Bear Workshop in Sacramento, California, using the American Express card paid by the Tribe.

INDICTMENT

# <u>COUNTS TWO THROUGH SEVENTEEN</u>: (18 U.S.C. § 1167(b) and § 2 – Willful Misapplication of Casino Funds; Aiding and Abetting)

19. Paragraphs 1 through 16 are hereby realleged and incorporated here as if they were set forth in full.

#### The First-Class Airfare Scheme

- 20. Defendants PRISCILLA HUNTER and IRIS MARTINEZ embezzled, knowingly converted and wilfully misapplied the Casino's funds by causing first-class travel to be booked and paid for them when traveling on business, rather than following the Tribe's and Casino's fiscal policies and procedures and federal regulations requiring all air travel to be booked at coach or economy government rates. As set forth below, the difference between the first-class and coach or economy airfares resulted in significant expense to the Casino and the Tribe.
- 21. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the defendants did abstract, purloin, willfully misapply and take with intent to steal money, funds and property of a value in excess of \$1,000 belonging to the Shodakai Coyote Valley Casino, a gaming establishment operated and licensed by an Indian tribe pursuant to an ordinance and resolution approved by the National Indian Gaming Commission, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1167(b) and 2.

COUNT	DEFENDANTS	APPROXIMATE DATE OF TRAVEL	MISAPPLICATION
Two	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	September 10, 2001	Round-trip first-class travel between San Francisco and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,200 per ticket.
Three	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	January 2, 2002	Round-trip first-class travel between Sacramento and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,400 per ticket.
Four	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	March 1, 2002	Round-trip first-class travel between Sacramento and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,600 per ticket.

1 2 3	Five	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	April 15, 2002	Round-trip first-class travel between Sacramento and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,600 per ticket.
4 5 6	Six	IRIS MARTINEZ	June 14, 2002	One-way first-class travel from Chicago to Ontario, California, at an additional cost of over \$1,400.
7 8 9	Seven	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	October 6, 2002	Round-trip first class travel between Sacramento and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,300 per ticket.
10 11	Eight	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	February 10, 2003	Round-trip first-class travel between San Francisco and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,600 per ticket.
12 13 14	Nine	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	February 24, 2003	Round-trip first-class travel between San Francisco and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,200 per ticket.
15 16 17	Ten	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	June 16, 2003	Round-trip first-class travel between San Francisco and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,600 per ticket.
18 19 20	Eleven	IRIS MARTINEZ	July 15, 2003	Round-trip first-class travel between San Francisco and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$2,800.
21	Twelve	IRIS MARTINEZ	July 18, 2003	One-way first-class travel between Washington, D.C. and Sacramento, at an additional cost of over \$1,700.
23	Thirteen	PRISCILLA HUNTER	July 28, 2003	Round-trip first-class travel between San Francisco and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,200.
25 26 27	Fourteen	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	August 13, 2003	Round-trip first-class travel between Sacramento and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,400 per ticket.
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Fifteen	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	August 15, 2003	One-way first-class travel from Washington, D.C. to Sacramento, at an additional cost of over \$1,700 per ticket.
Sixteen	PRISCILLA HUNTER IRIS MARTINEZ	February 8, 2004	Round-trip first-class travel between San Francisco and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$1,000 per ticket.
Seventeen	IRIS MARTINEZ	March 22, 2004	Round-trip first-class travel between San Francisco and Washington, D.C., at an additional cost of over \$3,000.

COUNT EIGHTEEN: (18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy to Misapply Casino Funds)

- 22. Paragraphs 1 through 6 are realleged and incorporated here as if they were set forth in full.
  - 23. In or around and between April 2002 and March 2004, the defendants

PRISCILLA HUNTER, MICHELLE CAMPBELL, IRIS MARTINEZ, MICHAEL HUNTER, DARLENE CRABTREE, ALLAN CRABTREE, and FRED NAREDO, SR.,

and others known and unknown to the grand jury, did knowingly and intentionally conspire to commit an offense against the United States, specifically, willful misapplication and taking of funds of a value in excess of \$1,000 belonging to a gaming establishment on Indian lands, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1167(b).

## **Background Allegations**

- 24. The Casino maintained a checking account with an account number ending in 045634 at Savings Bank of Mendocino County in Redwood Valley, California (hereafter "the Casino's account"). Under the Tribe's and Casino's policies, two Tribal Council members had to sign a check before it could be issued from the Casino's account. The Casino account contained only gaming revenues.
- 25. The Settlement Agreement prohibited charitable or other gifts from being made from Casino funds. The Agreement also provided that "[i]f the Tribe wishes to make charitable

gifts, it may do so as a government in conformance with the approved uses of net gaming revenues, after such revenues have moved from the gaming operation to the Tribe."

26. The Gaming Ordinance required fifty percent of the Tribe's net gaming revenue generated by the Casino to be distributed periodically to the Tribe's membership in the form of per capita payments, with the other fifty percent to be allocated for designated purposes.

## The Political Contribution Conspiracy

- 27. The defendants conspired to misapply and take funds belonging to the Casino by improperly using Casino funds to make contributions to several federal and California politicians and political organizations.
- 28. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to accomplish the objects thereof, the defendants committed the following overt acts, among others, in the Northern District of California, and elsewhere:
- a. On or about April 2, 2002, defendants ALLAN CRABTREE and FRED NAREDO, SR. signed a check in the amount of \$2,500 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "[State Politician A] Comm."
- b. On or about June 20, 2002, defendants ALLAN CRABTREE and MICHAEL HUNTER signed a check in the amount of \$1,000 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "Friends of [Congressperson B]."
- c. On or about August 12, 2002, defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER, in her capacity as the Tribe's Chairwoman, signed a "Friends of [Congressperson B] Contribution Response Form" regarding the \$1,000 contribution made on June 20, 2002.
- d. On or about August 23, 2002, defendants FRED NAREDO, SR. and DARLENE CRABTREE signed a check in the amount of \$5,000 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "[State Politician A] Committee."
- e. On or about September 19, 2002, defendants ALLAN CRABTREE and MICHAEL HUNTER signed a check in the amount of \$5,000 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "[State Politician A] Comm."

**INDICTMENT** 

COUNT	DEFENDANTS	APPROXIMATE DATE	MISAPPLICATION
Nineteen	ALLAN CRABTREE FRED NAREDO, SR.	April 2, 2002	Signed a check in the amount of \$2,500 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "[State Politician A] Comm."
Twenty	ALLAN CRABTREE MICHAEL HUNTER	June 20, 2002	Signed a check in the amount of \$1,000 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "Friends of [Congressperson B]."
Twenty- One	PRISCILLA HUNTER	August 12, 2002	Signed a "Friends of [Congressperson B] Contribution Response Form" regarding the \$1,000 contribution made on June 20, 2002.
Twenty- Two	FRED NAREDO, SR. DARLENE CRABTREE	August 23, 2002	Signed a check in the amount of \$5,000 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "[State Politician A] Committee."
Twenty- Three	ALLAN CRABTREE MICHAEL HUNTER	September 19, 2002	Signed a check in the amount of \$5,000 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "[State Politician A] Comm."
Twenty- Four	ALLAN CRABTREE IRIS MARTINEZ	September 29, 2003	Signed a check in the amount of \$7,000 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "Coyote Valley Tribal Council."
Twenty- Five	MICHELLE CAMPBELL DARLENE CRABTREE		Signed a check in the amount of \$3,800 drawn on the Casino's general account and made payable to "[State Politician D] 2004."

INDICTMENT

1	COUNT TWENTY-SIX: (18 U.S.C. § 371 – Conspiracy to Obstruct Justice)
2	31. Paragraphs 1 through 30 are realleged and incorporated here as if they were set
3	forth in full.
4	Background Allegations
5	32. Under the Agreement, the Tribe agreed to "comply fully with the NIGC's
6	monitoring efforts and inform the general membership [of the Tribe]" of the Agreement.
7	33. The Agreement reflects that PRISCILLA HUNTER, as Chairwoman of the Tribal
8	Council, signed the Agreement on the Tribe's behalf on May 18, 2001.
9	34. Under Title 28, United States Code, Sections 2704 and 2706, the NIGC is
10	established within the United States Department of the Interior and is charged, among other
11	things, with monitoring certain gaming activities conducted on Indian lands.
12	The Obstruction Conspiracy
13	35. In or around July 2003, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the
14	defendants
15 16	PRISCILLA HUNTER, MICHELLE CAMPBELL, and IRIS MARTINEZ,
17	and others known and unknown to the grand jury, did knowingly and intentionally conspire to
18	commit an offense against the United States, specifically, obstruction of justice in violation of
19	Title 18, United States Code, Section 1519.
20	36. The defendants, having been informed that NIGC planned to conduct an
21	investigation regarding the Tribe's and Casino's compliance with the Agreement, conspired to
22	participate in the alteration and destruction of Tribal and Casino records, with the intent to
23	impede, obstruct and influence the NIGC investigation.
24	37. In furtherance of the conspiracy and to accomplish the objects thereof, the
25	defendants committed and caused to be committed the following overt acts, among others, in the
26	Northern District of California and elsewhere:
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	INDICTMENT 13

T	a. In or around July 2003, defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER directed a Triba
2	employee to blacken out American Express account information in financial records maintained
3	by the Tribe and the Casino.
4	b. In or around July 2003, defendants PRISCILLA HUNTER, MICHELLE
5	CAMPBELL, and IRIS MARTINEZ, and others, met to alter, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify
6	and make false entries in Tribal and Casino financial and business records.
7	c. In or around July 2003, a Casino employee shredded certain Tribal
8	business records.
9	All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.
10	COUNT TWENTY-SEVEN: (18 U.S.C. §§ 1519 and 2 – Obstruction of Justice; Aiding and
11	Abetting)
12	38. Paragraphs 1 through 37 are realleged and incorporated here as if they were set
13	forth in full.
14	39. In or around July 2003, in the Northern District of California and elsewhere, the
15	defendants
16 17	PRISCILLA HUNTER, MICHELLE CAMPBELL, and IRIS MARTINEZ,
18	and others known and unknown to the grand jury, did participate in a scheme to knowingly alter,
19	destroy, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify and make a false entry in Tribal and Casino records,
20	documents and tangible objects, with the intent to impede, obstruct and influence the
21	investigation and proper administration of a matter within the jurisdiction of the NIGC, a
22	department and agency of the United States, and in relation to and contemplation of such matter,
23	in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1519.
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	INDICTMENT 14

$\frac{COO111}{COO111}$ 1 WE LIVE 1 - LEGITI. (20 O.S.C. 9 /201 - Tax Evasio)	<b>COUNT TWENTY-EIGHT:</b>	(26 U.S.C.	§ 7201 – Tax	Evasion`
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40. During the calendar year 1999, the defendant

#### PRISCILLA HUNTER.

a resident of Redwood Valley, California, had and received taxable income in excess of the threshold amount triggering the requirement to pay income tax; that upon said taxable income there was income tax owing to the United States of America; that well-knowing and believing the foregoing facts, PRISCILLA HUNTER, on or about August 15, 2000, in the Northern District of California, did willfully attempt to evade and defeat the said income tax due and owing by her to the United States of America for said calendar year by failing to make an income tax return on or before August 15, 2000, as required by law, to any proper officer of the Internal Revenue Service, by failing to pay to the Internal Revenue Service said income tax, and by providing falsely incomplete income data for that year to her tax return preparer, in concealing and attempting to conceal from all proper officers of the United States of America her true and correct income.

All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7201.

COUNT TWENTY-NINE: (26 U.S.C. § 7201 – Tax Evasion)

41. During the calendar year 2000, the defendant

#### PRISCILLA HUNTER,

a resident of Redwood Valley, California, had and received taxable income in excess of the threshold amount triggering the requirement to pay income tax; that upon said taxable income there was income tax owing to the United States of America; that well-knowing and believing the foregoing facts, PRISCILLA HUNTER, on or about April 16, 2001, in the Northern District of California, did willfully attempt to evade and defeat the said income tax due and owing by her to the United States of America for said calendar year by failing to make an income tax return on or before April 16, 2001, as required by law, to any proper officer of the Internal Revenue Service, by failing to pay to the Internal Revenue Service said income tax, and by providing falsely incomplete income data for that year to her tax return preparer, in concealing and attempting to conceal from all proper officers of the United States of America her true and

correct income.

All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7201.

COUNT THIRTY: (26 U.S.C. § 7201 – Tax Evasion)

42. During the calendar year 2002, the defendant

#### PRISCILLA HUNTER,

a resident of Redwood Valley, California, had and received taxable income in excess of the threshold amount triggering the requirement to pay income tax; that upon said taxable income there was income tax owing to the United States of America; that well-knowing and believing the foregoing facts, PRISCILLA HUNTER, on or about August 15, 2003, in the Northern District of California, did willfully attempt to evade and defeat the said income tax due and owing by her to the United States of America for said calendar year by failing to make an income tax return on or before August 15, 2003, as required by law, to any proper officer of the Internal Revenue Service, by failing to pay to the Internal Revenue Service said income tax, and by filing an application for an automatic extension of time to file a tax return in which she falsely estimated her anticipated tax liability for that year to be zero dollars, in concealing and attempting to conceal from all proper officers of the United States of America her true and correct income.

All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7201.

COUNT THIRTY-ONE: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)

43. During the calendar year 1999, the defendant

#### PRISCILLA HUNTER,

then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or before August 15, 2000, but defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER willfully failed to file her return in the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.

All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7203.

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1	COUNT THIRTY-TWO: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)
. 2	44. During the calendar year 2000, the defendant
3	PRISCILLA HUNTER,
4	then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law
5	required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or
6	before April 16, 2001, but defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER willfully failed to file her return in
7	the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.
8	All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7203.
9	COUNT THIRTY-THREE: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)
10	45. During the calendar year 2001, the defendant
11	PRISCILLA HUNTER,
12	then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law
13	required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or
14	before April 15, 2002, but defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER willfully failed to file her return in
15	the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.
16	COUNT THIRTY-FOUR: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)
17	46. During the calendar year 2002, the defendant
18	PRISCILLA HUNTER,
19	then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law
20	required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or
21	before August 15, 2003, but defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER willfully failed to file her return in
22	the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.
23	All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7203.
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1	COUNT THIRTY-FIVE: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)
2	47. During the calendar year 2003, the defendant
3	PRISCILLA HUNTER,
4	then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law
5	required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or
6	before April 15, 2004, but defendant PRISCILLA HUNTER willfully failed to file her return in
7	the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.
8	All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7203.
9	COUNT THIRTY-SIX: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)
10	48. During the calendar year 2000, the defendant
11	MICHELLE CAMPBELL,
12	then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law
13	required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or
14	before April 16, 2001, but defendant MICHELLE CAMPBELL willfully failed to file her return
15	in the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.
16	All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7203.
17	COUNT THIRTY-SEVEN: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)
18	49. During the calendar year 2001, the defendant
19	MICHELLE CAMPBELL,
20	then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law
21	required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or
22	before April 15, 2002, but defendant MICHELLE CAMPBELL willfully failed to file her return
23	in the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.
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27	III
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1	COUNT THIRTY-EIGHT: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)
2	50. During the calendar year 2002, the defendant
3	MICHELLE CAMPBELL,
4	then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law
5	required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or
6	before April 15, 2003, but defendant MICHELLE CAMPBELL willfully failed to file her return
7	in the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.
8	All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7203.
9	COUNT THIRTY-NINE: (26 U.S.C. § 7203 – Failure to File Income Tax Return)
10	51. During the calendar year 2003, the defendant
11	MICHELLE CAMPBELL,
12	then a resident of Redwood Valley, California, received sufficient gross income that the law
13	required her to file with the Internal Revenue Service a federal individual income tax return on or
14	before April 15, 2004, but defendant MICHELLE CAMPBELL willfully failed to file her return
15	in the Northern District of California or elsewhere on or before that date.
16	All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7203.
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18	DATED: A TRUE BILL.
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20	FOREPERSON
21	KEVIN V. RYAN United States Attorney
22	Mr. V 11.
23	MARK L. KROTOSKI
24	. III MALL: INIO I ODILI
24	Chief, Criminal Division
25	Chief, Criminal Division
25	Chief, Criminal Division